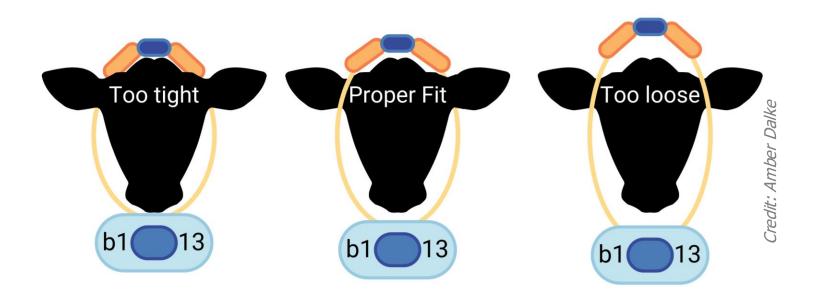




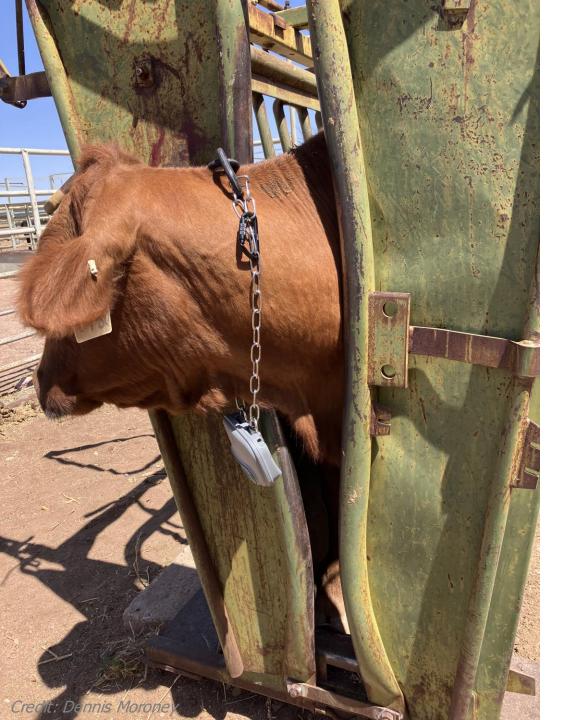


# RECOMMENDATIONS FOR COLLARING



April 15<sup>th</sup>, 16<sup>th</sup>, and 17<sup>th</sup> 2025 Window Rock, Leupp, and Fruitland (Navajo Nation)

**Flavie Audoin** 



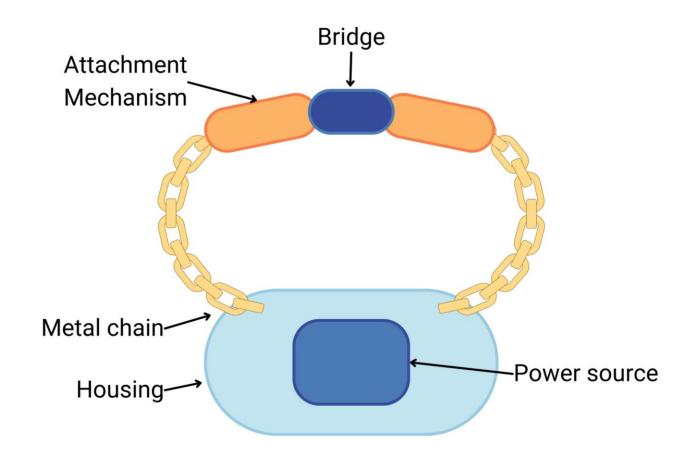
#### COMPONENTS OF VF COLLARS

## COLLAR DEPLOYMENT BASICS

COLLAR DEPLOYMENT SPECIFICS

#### **Components of VF collars**

- Electrical cues delivered by chains or electrodes
- Breakaway point: bridge or strap
  - → only for a sudden force applied to the collar



#### **Preparing for a collaring event**

- Planning is very important!
- Know your VF company's requirements
- → some vendors require to open the battery cover, install the battery and close the battery cover
- → some vendors require batteries to be charged in a wall outlet prior to deploying collars
- → some vendors require batteries to be charged in the sun before deploying collars
- Assemble all the necessary tools and components prior to the collaring event
- Working animal handling facility: check squeeze chute, gates, corrals, fences, etc.
- Collaring events can be paired with other livestock management tasks.

#### **Preparing for a collaring event**

- Check the weather forecast!
- Practicing collaring can help, recruit a collaring team
- Might be helpful to gather the herd the day prior to collaring
- In the event of re-collaring, it may require more than one day to re-collar the herd
   → plan accordingly

#### **Collaring livestock**

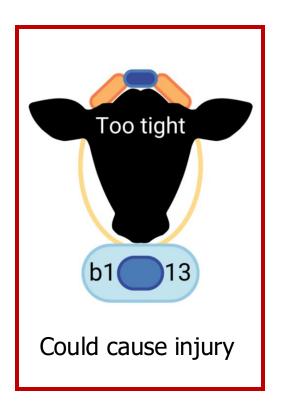
- Use caution!
- Squeeze chute
  - → one person on each side of the animal
  - → use low-stress handling methods
  - → avoid standing in the path of travel
- → always have additional attachment mechanisms available
- Record information about each animal
  - → animal ID and VF collar ID
  - → disposition
  - → age
  - → etc.

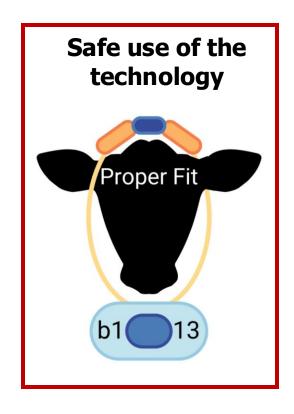


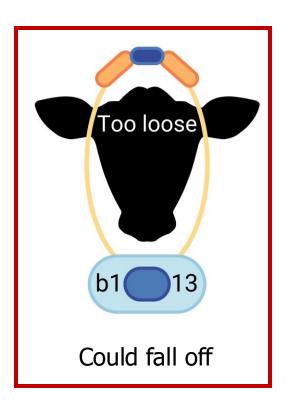
Credit: Dennis Moroney

#### **Proper collar fit**

Proper fit is achieved when livestock can express their natural behavior without the collars interfering or falling off.

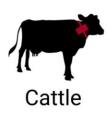






Most VF vendors recommend visually checking the collar fit on growing animals
 → every 6 to 8 weeks



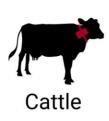






- Credit: Amber Dalk
- Their collar arrive deactivated and need to be activated before use
  - → magnet near the LED indicator for about 5 seconds
  - → purple LED = collar detects the magnet
  - → escalating music tone = collar activated
  - → orange LED blinking = collar is trying to connect to the network
  - → green LED = collar will appear in the eShepherd Web App
  - → collar ready for deployment
- → **RECOMMENDATION:** turn on the collars several hours before attaching them to livestock
- → To turn collar off, same process (five short beeps, descending music tone and solid purple LED)
- Collars are shipped partially charged. If flashing red, low battery.
  - $\rightarrow$  Place collar in full sunlight for 1 2 days for a complete recharge









- Line up collars by their ID numbers
- Organize the locking clips in pairs
- Adjust collar size beforehand using the buckle and chain links (after a few tests)
- Ensure that the arrow on the collar faces in the same direction as the animal's head.
- Check for fit by lifting the top strap
  - → enough space of a closed fist between the collar and animal's neck
  - → both sides need equal link lengths
- Secure the collar with the locking clips on both sides
- Flat head screwdriver can be use to pop open the locking mechanism

Please note that cattle were safely restrained while collar fit was adjusted for demonstrative purposes only.



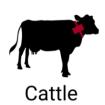




Too tight Just right Too loose

Credit: Brian Allen









Sredit: Amber Dalk

- Collars arrive fully charged
- → if charge has dropped (visible in the app): place collar outside in the sun to recharge it
- The collar is activated by a magnet (provided) and by tapping the power symbol on the side of the collar.
  - → blue LED flashing = collar has been successfully turned on or reset
  - → green LED = collar connected to network
  - → collar ready for deployment
  - → average: one person can activate 100 collars in less than 30 minutes
- **Collar fit:** when the cow's head is in a neutral position, the counterweight at the bottom of the collar should be slightly compressing the skin under the neck.
  - → should be able to fit three fingers between the collar and the neck
- Maximum of two holes differences on each side, otherwise collar won't be balanced.









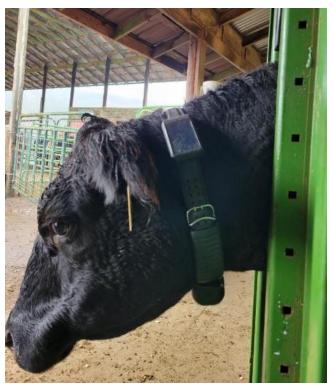
Credit: Amber Dalke





Credit: Travis Mulliniks

Please note that cattle were safely restrained while collar fit was adjusted for demonstrative purposes only.

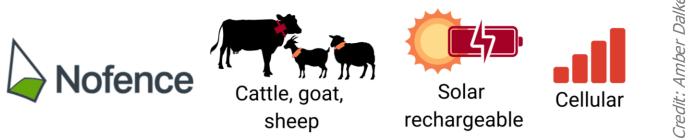






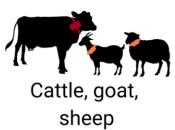
Too tight Just right Too loose

Credit: Travis Mulliniks



- Collars arrive partially charged
  - → if charge needed (visible in the app): charge battery with wall outlet
  - → it can take 10-14 hours for a battery to charge completely
- → depending on the number of chargers and batteries to charge, this step could require several days/weeks
- Insert the batteries into the collars one day before deploying them
  - → allows time for the collars to install any firmware updates
- → if collars have power and are in cell service, they should automatically update
  - → start-up sound when inserting the battery











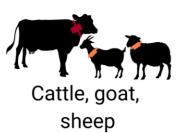
Sredit: Amber Dalk

- In case of re-collaring,
- → make sure the batteries and battery slot of the collar are clean and free of any debris
- → check the hex screws that attach the top collar bracket to the collar unit (make sure that no screws are missing or loose)
- → screws should be tightened to hand tightness (a size 3 mm Allen key)



CCreetilit:Lalavilelakunhoin







rechargeable



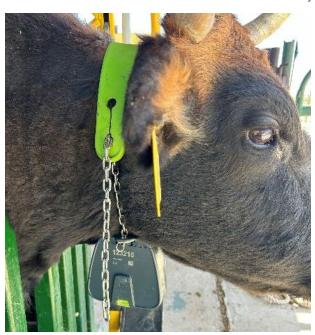
Sredit: Amber Dalke

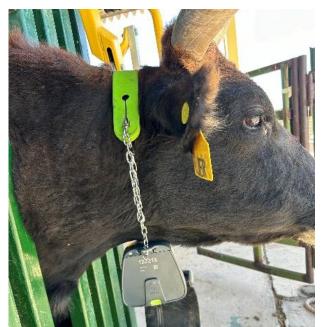
- Nofence collars do not require assembly beyond inserting a charged battery.
- C clamp style vice grips may help with battery removal.
- → vice grips can be used to help press the green latching mechanisms on either side of the battery to release it from the collar.

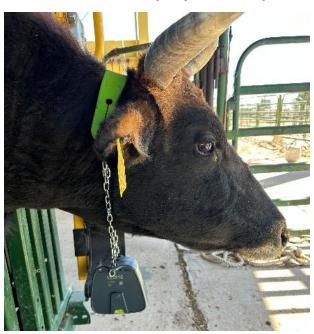


Credit: Lara Macon

Please note that cattle were safely restrained while collar fit was adjusted for demonstrative purposes only.





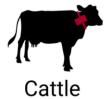


Too tight Just right Too loose

Credit: Lara Macon



COMPONENTS







Credit: Amber Dalke

- To use Vence collars, the following steps are needed:
  - → open the battery cover
  - → install the battery in the collar housing
  - → close the battery cover
  - → label the collar housing (if needed)
  - → 15 collars can be prepared in 30 minutes (experienced person)
- If smaller workforce or new people to collar assembly, might be best to prepare all collars prior to a collar deployment (remove battery if collar is not used).
- If larger workforce or people with experience, prepare around 30 collars before collaring and remaining collars can be prepared during collaring (one person full time).
- To be more efficient, a collar preparation station is recommended.

- Vence recommends to test the collar fit by pulling the collar on top of the animal's head until the collar struggles to go over one ear. If the collar can be pulled over two ears, the collar is too loose.

Please note that cattle were safely restrained while collar fit was adjusted for demonstrative purposes only.



Too tight Just right Too loose

Credit: Dennis Moroney



#### The University of Arizona

**Virtual Fence Program** 







**Cooperative Extension** 



Natural Resources

& the Environment



Flavie Audoin
Carter Blouin
Brett Blum
Amber Dalke
Aaron Lien
Brandon Mayer
Sarah Noelle
Dari Duval
Jose Quintero
Jose Soto
Hector Justiniani
Andrew Antaya

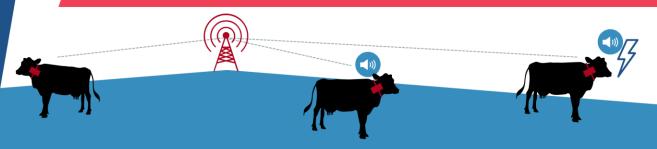
Joslyn Beard George Ruyle



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### **THANK YOU**

## ANY QUESTIONS?

Flavie Audoin faudoin@arizona.edu (520) 621-5442

