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REGIONAL VARIATION IN THE ARCHAEOLOGY OF THE RANGELANDS

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There is considerable regional variation in the archaeology of the rangelands of western New South Wales. For example, rocky ranges have engraved and painted rock art, or quarries for stone tool material. River and lake systems have middens of freshwater mussel shells, and the calcareous dunes and lunettes preserve Aboriginal burials. Less conspicuous are the open camp sites with stone artefacts. These consist of a basic tool kit as well as specialised additions which appeared after about 3-4,000 BP. Since these stone artefacts are so abundant and widespread, they provide the best definition of archaeological regions.

The suggested regions for western New South Wales are: (1) Cobar Plateau, (2) Riverine Plain, (3) Lower Darling Plains, (4) Barrier Ranges, (5) Strzelecki Dunefield and (6) West Darling Ranges and Plains. The boundaries for some of the regions are similar to the system used by the Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation of Australia. An important feature of these regions is the condition and preservation of the archaeology, and how this has been affected by past European land use.